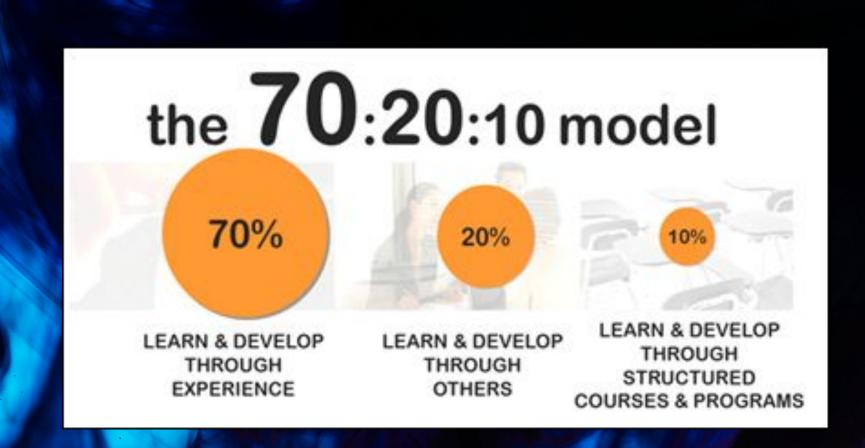
## Cultural Intelligence for Law Enforcement

The Deeper Dive

# Major Points

What is Community Policing • What is its place in LE? • What is its place in the community? Who does it affect? • Stakeholders • Whose is responsible? • It's not just LE • How can we enhance it? • The Path Are there any truths? • There are five



## James 2:17

**17** Thus also faith by itself, if it does not have works, is dead.

# " Faith w/o Works, is dead!"

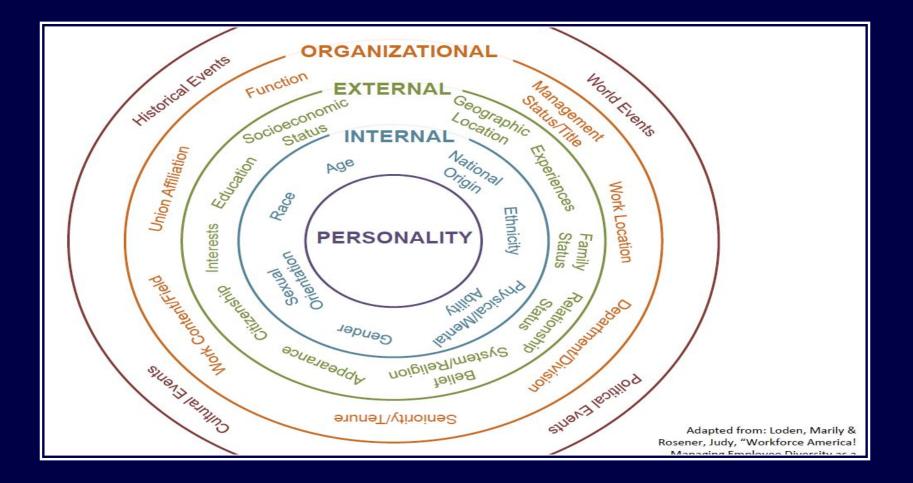


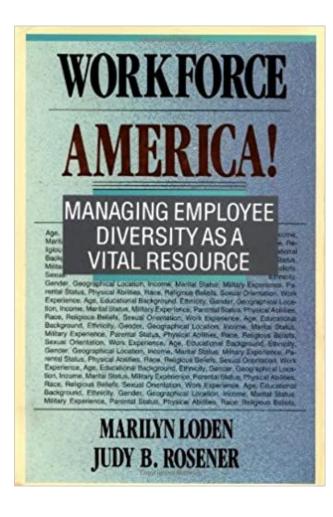
#### Four reasons:

 Training content lacks personal relevance

2. Lack of employee input. 3. One off training

4. Not tracked or measured









- Education
- Race



#### Arency Legalization Community Relations Respect warrior vs guardian transparency PUBLC MEDIA PORTRAYAL LEGITIMACY POLICING POLICE TRUST USE OF FORCE **OFFICER SAFETY** TRAINING Unrealistic Expectations MENTAL HEALTH authority

SOUTHSIDE VIRGINIA NEWS

## **Buffalo cop at the heart of community Dover police expanding community policing**, **testing body cameras in 2021**

By ROMAN BATTAGLIA . DEC 31, 2020

### Community control of police — an idea whose time has come

Briefly defined, community control means active citizen involvement in the policies, hiring and oversight of police.







Kelling, G. (2015). Don't blame my broken windows theory for poor policing. *Politico Magazine*.

- "First of all, broken windows was never intended to be a high-arrest program"
- "Second, few people go to jail for broken-windows offenses."
- "Third and finally, if the benefits of stop, question, frisk and broken-windows policing activities are to be reaped for the benefit of a community in lowered crime and safer streets, police must have the strong support of that community"
  - **#2** -The ability of the police to perform their duties is dependent upon public approval of police actions
- Police will only become legitimate in their eyes through their own respectful and non-biased behavior.











THE REAL PROPERTY.

What should new officers bring with them?

Learning Objectives For Professional Peace Officer Education

Minnesota Board Of Peace Officer Standards and Training



July 27, 2017

What are current officers (leadership) doing to enhance the relationship?

#### **Category 1 - Core competencies**

Category One: Core Competencies	Pages 7-12
1) Communication	
2) Ethical Reasoning	7
3) Critical Thinking, Logical Reasoning and Problem Solving	
4) Decision Making and Discretion	
5) Philosophy of Effective Citizenship and Community Service	
8) Officer Survival, Safety and Health	
<ol> <li>Recognizing and Valuing Diversity and Cultural Differences</li> <li>Professionalism, Teamwork and Leadership</li> </ol>	1





## Main Goal:

- Move Beyond Minimum Compliance -
  - Recognizing and Valuing Community Diversity and Cultural Differences to Include Implicit Bias Training.
    - Demonstrate understanding of race relations and their impact on policing practices.
    - Demonstrate understanding of implicit and explicit bias.
    - Demonstrate understanding of impartial policing.



### Training vs. Commitment

#### 5.6 million

#### Cultural Intelligence is.....

An Individual's ability to function and adapt effectively in culturally diverse settings.

Earley & Ang 2003



#### Minnesota Multipharia Personality Inv



#### Cultural Intelligence is.....

An Individual's ability to function and adapt effectively in culturally diverse settings.

Earley & Ang 2003

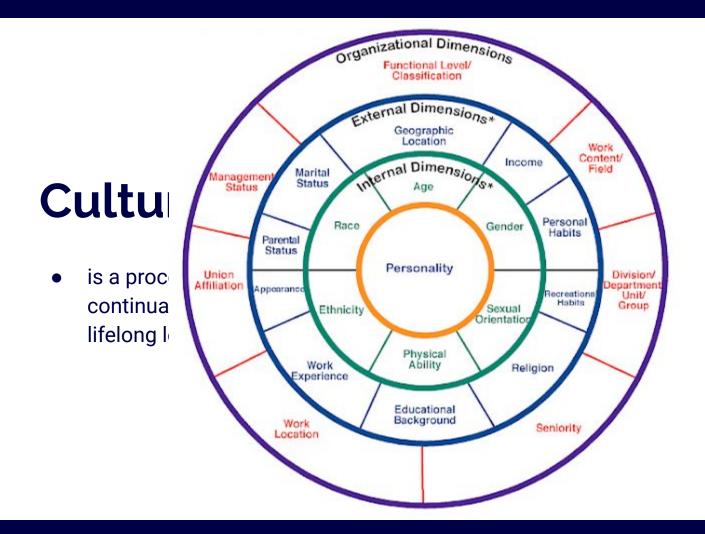
#### Cultural Competence

- knowing the background of cultures
- Attitude: feeling as if you know everything there is to know
- knowing a culture's values
- self-awareness
- concrete, finite set of facts
- impartial

- working with difference
- addressing inequalities
- working collaboratively
- bringing our own stories to the situation

Cultural Humility

- critical self-reflection
- ongoing learning, understanding, curiosity
- Attitude: being vulnerable, humble, knowing that you do not have all the answers
- a lifetime commitment
- love, passion, empathy, equality
- reducing negative power relations

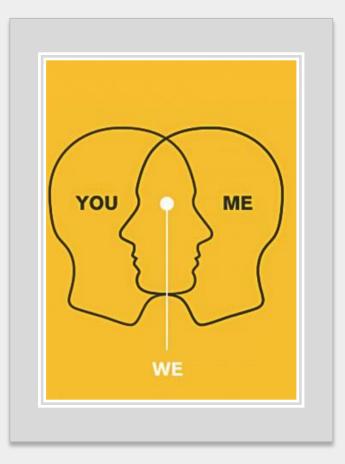


The Undesired Outcome. Ignoring that there is a difference between all of us. There always will be and always has been.

## WAIT WAIT WAIT.

### Empathy

Empathy is the ability to understand and feel other people's thoughts and emotions as if they were our own.





## **Three Types:**

- **Cognitive empathy** is the ability to understand how a person feels and what they might be thinking.
- Emotional empathy (also known as affective empathy) is the ability to share the feelings of another person.
- **Compassionate empathy** (also known as empathic concern) goes beyond simply understanding others and sharing their feelings: <u>it actually moves us to take action, to help however we can.</u>

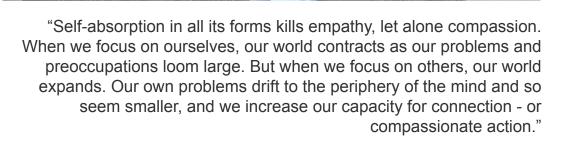
#### It can be hard:

• Empathy and Nature and Nurture

• Empathy and Distraction

• Empathy and Self-Absorption







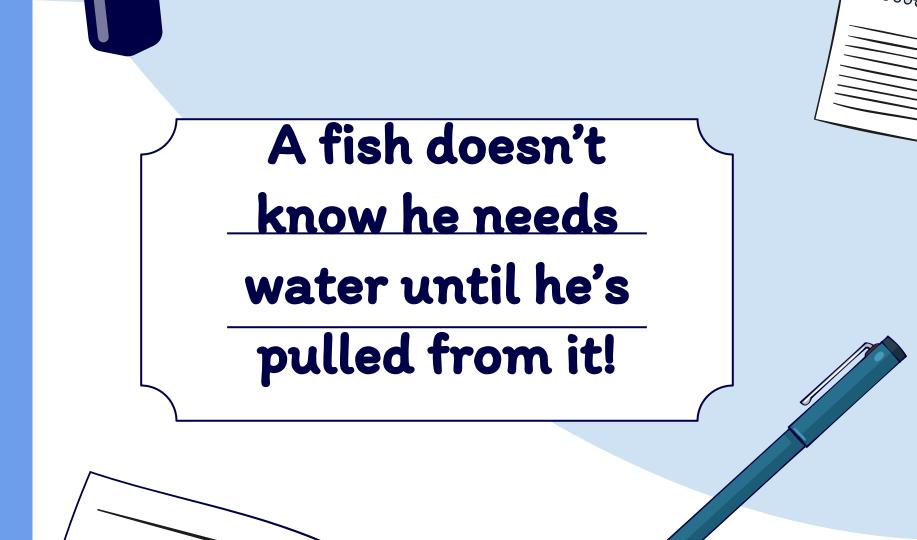


## James 2:17

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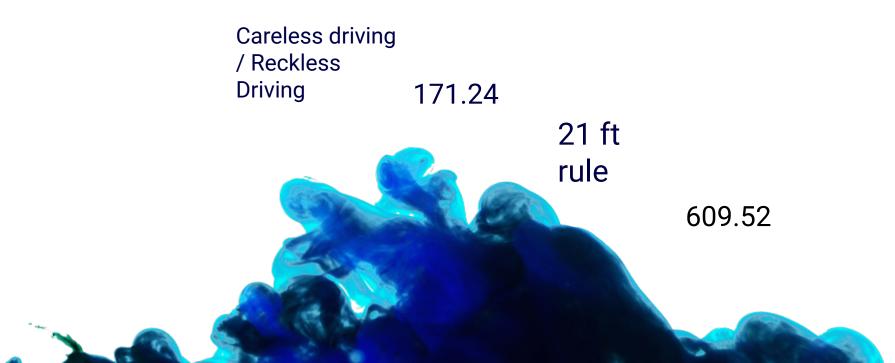






#### **Quick test:**

MN 609.066



CQ Drive / Motivational	
Wh	at is it:
•	Motivation and confidence in working with other cultures and outside of your comfort zone
•	The ability to interact WITHOUT prejudice. Level of satisfaction/perception
•	Do you think you can learn anything from someone else or do you settle for only those like you?
•	<ul> <li>I think you can and want to</li> <li>If you dont think it can be fun, educational, and beneficial for you to</li> <li>be around other cultures, you're probably never going to get any</li> </ul>
	positive results!

### Con't

- Measures the level of interest, drive and energy needed to adapt cross culturally
- The ability to engage and preserve through intercultural challenges is one of the most novel and important aspects.
- Those with high levels can teach others.









## The internal / Intrinsic

- The degree in which you derive enjoyment from culturally diverse situations
  - Are you actually interested?
  - Internal motivation/Deep interest

### **Extrinsic**

- External interest, benefits from culturally diverse stimuli or experiences
- May be good for their future?
- Ability to recognize a plus!
- Who is doing what around me!!!!



## Self-Efficacy

- The confidence that a person has about being effective in intercultural encounters.
- Confidence to deal with intercultural situations if they arise!!!
- Do you know yourself!!

#### **Research**:

MacNab, B. R., & Worthley, R. (2012). Individual characteristics as predictors of cultural intelligence development: The relevance of self-efficacy. International Journal of Intercultural Relations, 36(1), 62–71.

# Why it matters?

- Boost our resilience
- Overcome any bias
- Improve relationships



#### Conclusion

- 1. LE and Society need to be honest with self and each other?
- 2. Eat and Socialize, identify the experience
- 3. Whats my level....?

# Knowledge!!

## Cultural Intelligence Knowledge goals:

- Create a rich, well- organized understanding of culture.
- How does it affect the way people behave?
- We should all be striving to build a repertoire of knowledge concerning how cultures are alike/different.



## what does CQ Knowledge refer to:

- How well do you understand how well culture influences others?
  - How they think?
  - How they behave?
  - What their values are?
  - What similarities / differences between cultures?

What do you know about other cultures ?

What do you know about your own??

#### Over the years:

Cross, T., Bazron, B., Dennis, K., & Isaacs, M., (1989). *Towards A Culturally Competent System of Care, Volume I.* Washington, DC: Georgetown University Child Development Center, CASSP Technical Assistance Center

Cultural competence is a set of congruent behaviors, attitudes, and policies that come together in a system, agency or among professionals and enable that system, agency or those professions to work effectively in cross-cultural situations.

#### Today:

Trice Jr., T. L., Oudshoorn, N.-D., Rose, P., & Smith, C. (2019). Law Enforcement Leadership Through the Eyes of a Citizen: "Why 'Real' Leadership, Cultural Competency and Empathy Matter." Polygraph, 52(4), 53.

"The integration and transformation of knowledge about different cultures into possible standards, practices and attitudes used in appropriate cultural settings to increase the quality of response from police officers"

#### Basics of knowledge:

 Requires knowledge of culture and of the fundamental principles of cross-cultural interactions. This means knowing what culture is, how cultures vary, and how culture affects behavior. Let's talk about politics to get our heart rates up.

someecards

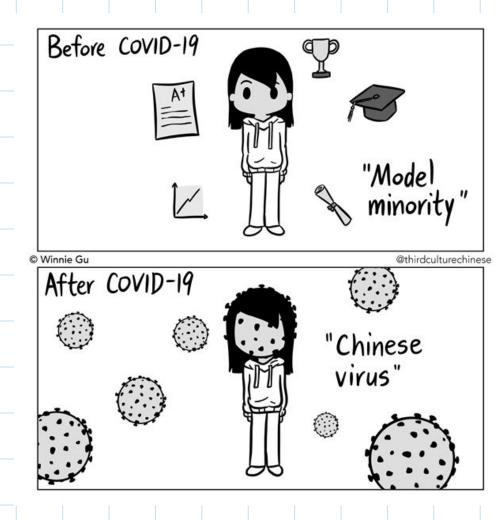




- Blacks were the only migrants to the U.S. forced to come against their own will,
- Slave carries negative connotations of "inferior being;" under the domination of other people.
- Slaves counted as three-fifths of a person during census-taking.
- Racist ideas born of slavery persist today.
- Colonists created "slave patrols."
- Segregation and other highly discriminatory laws were enforced by the police.
- Civil rights protests and demonstrations were stopped by the police.

"Many of the police and African-American problems in our communities today go way back into our history. Some of the issues can be traced directly from the Civil War reconstruction era, in slavery days, when police and the military were required to return runaway slaves."

Patton, 2009





- January 9th, 1966
  - The New York Times
- "Japanese cultures have a strong work ethic and family values which, consequently, prevent them from becoming a "problem Minority."

#### 49 countries



- Provide examples of terms, labels, and stereotypes that have been used to refer to Native Americans.
- List and discuss key issues associated with law enforcement contact with native Americans.

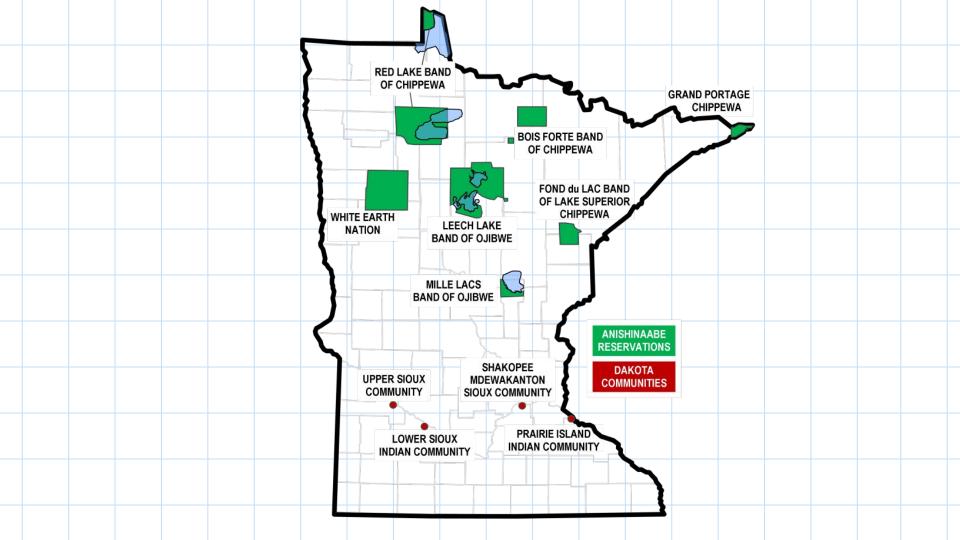
#### The objectives

Describe the historical background of Native Americans, especially as it relates to the dynamic between law enforcement representatives and Indians today.

Define the terms reservation, Indian country, and federally recognized tribe.

Understand cultural commonalities shared by most Indian tribes.

Recognize characteristics of traditional Native American communication styles, including aspects of verbal and nonverbal interaction.





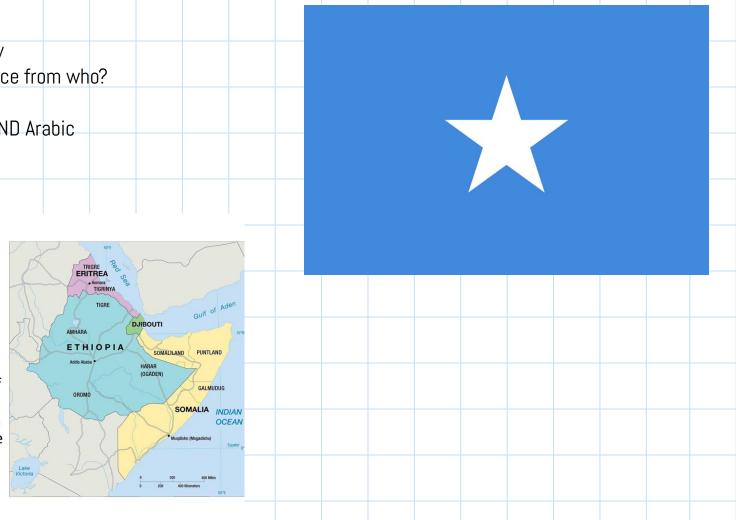
Other immigrants from 21 other countries of South and Central American, and the Caribbean have immigrated to the U.S.

- Law enforcement agencies differ with respect to working with Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).
- Specific federal policies (i.e., 287g) allow ICE to enter into partnerships with law enforcement agencies, giving officers authority to turn in undocumented immigrants to ICE.
- This has resulted in racial profiling, and complaints from immigrant rights groups.
- Police Chiefs throughout the U.S. have expressed major concern about the erosion of community trust when immigration enforcement takes place by police officers.
- "Hispanic" not a label for a racial group; individual scan be white, black or Asian and still be "Hispanic.
- U.S. government census specifically distinguishes "Hispanic" and "Latino" as terms to define ethnic origin and not a person's race.

- Independence day
  - Independence from who?
- Language:
  - Somalian AND Arabic
- Religion
   Islam?

#### Somalia

- Somalia contains six major ethnic groups known as clans.
- With the collapse of a national government in Somalia, various clans and sub-clans claimed control over portions of the country.
- In 1992, US attempts to intervene to protect the delivery of food aid

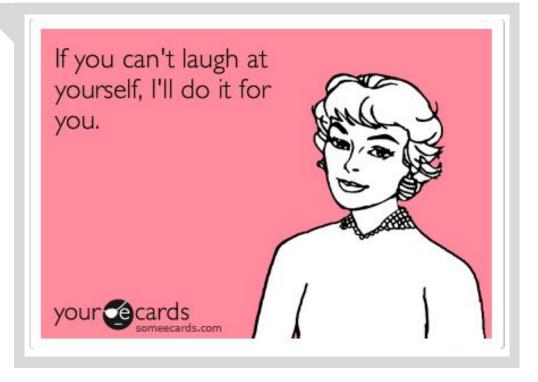


# Main Goal:

- Move Beyond Minimum Compliance -
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    - Demonstrate understanding of race relations and their impact on policing practices.
    - Demonstrate understanding of implicit and explicit bias.
    - Demonstrate understanding of impartial policing.



#### Who are we interested in?



## WHAT DOES JAMES MEAN WHEN HE SAYS FAITH WITHOUT WORKS IS DEAD IN JAMES 2:17?





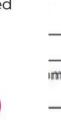
#### FEAR OF PUBLIC SPEAKING

What you can do to become an effective public speaker

- Recognize your fear 3
- Practice and Prepare in advance
- ⊲») Use audio aids
- 🕺 Practice in front of another person or group
- 🞎 Know your audience
- Use creative visualization
- Seek professional help
- Gauge the audience's reaction

- 🚠 Organize yourself
- Exercise and practice breathing
- Practice in front of a mirror
- Dress well and wear a smile
- Pick a subject you know F
- Watch your tone and speed
- Don't fear moments of silence
- $\Phi$  Turn off the lights

MBERI





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#### Basics of knowledge:

 Requires knowledge of culture and of the fundamental principles of cross-cultural interactions. This means knowing what culture is, how cultures vary, and how culture affects behavior.

## How can it be learned:

Content Knowledge

Process Knowledge

Cognitive Influence

Motivational Influence

Mindfulness



# Mindfulness

- Mindfulness is a key linking process between knowledge and action and the aspect of this conceptualization of CQ that may be the most novel.
  - Mindfulness is fundamentally a heightened awareness
     of and enhanced attention to current experience or
     present reality.

The mindfulness means the following:

 Being aware of our own assumptions, ideas, and emotions; and of the selective perception, attribution, and categorization that we and others adopt

• Noticing what is apparent about the other person and tuning in to their assumptions, words, and behavior

• Using all of the senses in perceiving situations, rather than just relying on, for example, hearing the word that the other person speaks

• Viewing the situation from several perspectives, that is, with an open mind

• Attending to the context to help to interpret what is happening;

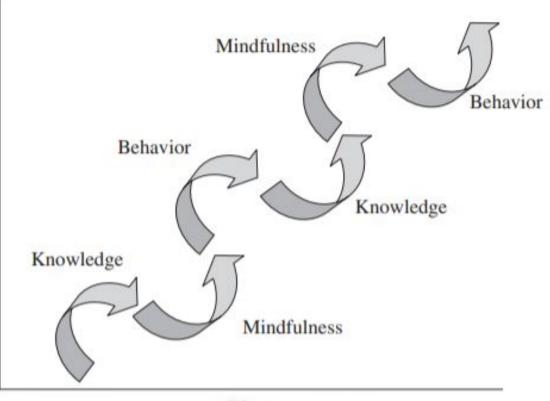


 Creating new mental maps of other people's personality and cultural background to assist us to respond appropriately to them

Creating new categories, and recategorizing others into a more sophisticated category system

Seeking out fresh information to confirm or disconfirm the mental maps

 Using <u>empathy</u>—the ability to mentally put ourselves in the other person's shoes as a means of understanding the situation and their feelings toward it, from the perspective of their cultural background rather than ours (Gardner, 1995; Langer, 1989).

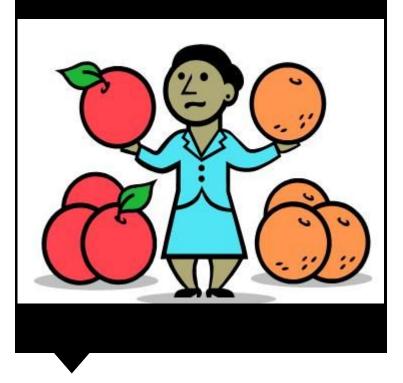


Time



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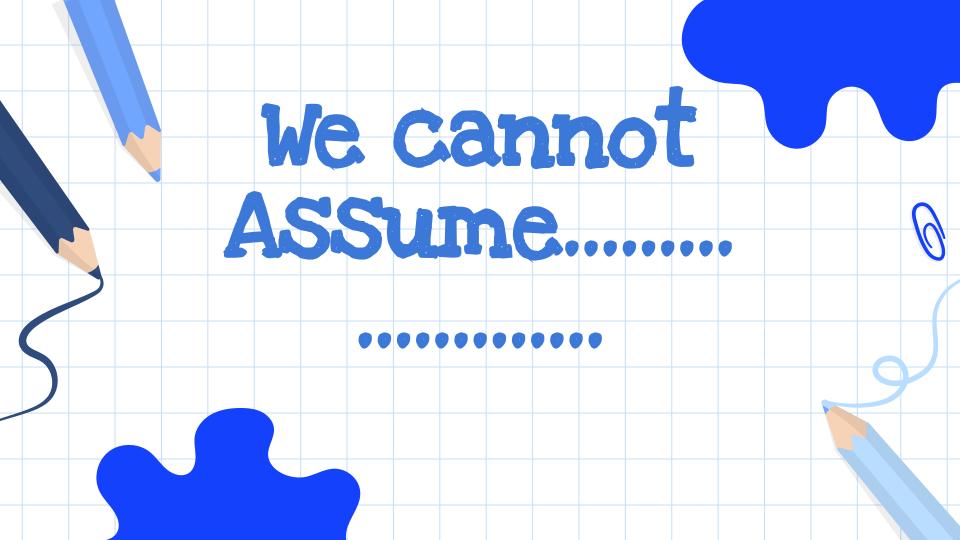


#### Law Enforcement:

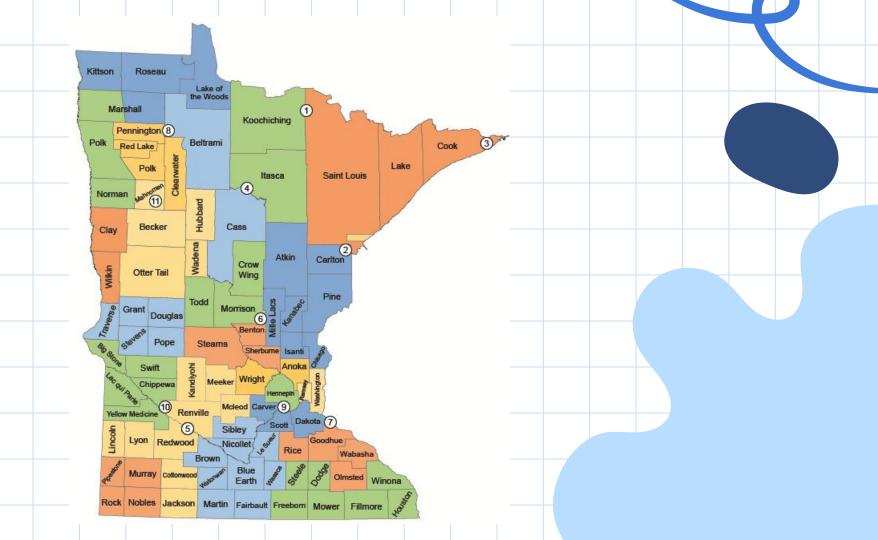
So what does being a good officer / deputy mean across cultures?

• Core cultural differences, such as values, assumptions, and beliefs, are generally hidden, but they tend to cause the most problems.

• How do you ascertain what these are in your interactions?



#### Cultural value orientations









 Between 2010 and 2018, the fastest growing racial group in Minnesota was the Black or African American population, which grew by 36%, adding more than 96,500 people.

 Second fastest was the Asian population, which grew by 32%, adding 69,800 people, followed by the Hispanic or Latin(x) population, which grew by 24%, adding 59,000 people.

#### CQ Knowledge.....

- Helps prepare you for intercultural interactions!!!
- How much time should be geared towards relationship building?
- Is there a hierarchy?

 It doesn't mean that you know every detail!

- STOP BEING TOLD HOW TO LEARN!!!!
- Get proactive!

#### Questions:

- What opportunities do you see currently within your professional circle for growth?
- Three Step process:
  - 1. "Make a list of all you can do to make sure that you achieve the worst result imaginable with respect to your top strategy or objective."
  - 2. "Go down this list item by item and ask yourselves, 'Is there anything that we are currently doing that in any way, shape, or form resembles this item?' Be brutally honest to make a second list of all your counterproductive activities/programs/procedures."
  - 3. "Go through the items on your second list and decide what first steps will help you stop what you know creates undesirable results?"





## Policing is a team sport!



#### Why don't we train comm skills like firearms?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Reasons for training Comm Skills:

- Reduce incidents of conflict
- Reduce incidents of violence
- Improve citizen satisfaction
- Lower rates of complaints
- Reduce litigation costs
- Reduce incidents of workplace injury
- Improved morale



#### P.O.S.T. Objectives for - Section 1

1.1.1. Describe how perception, sympathy, empathy, compassion and respect affect peace officer communication.

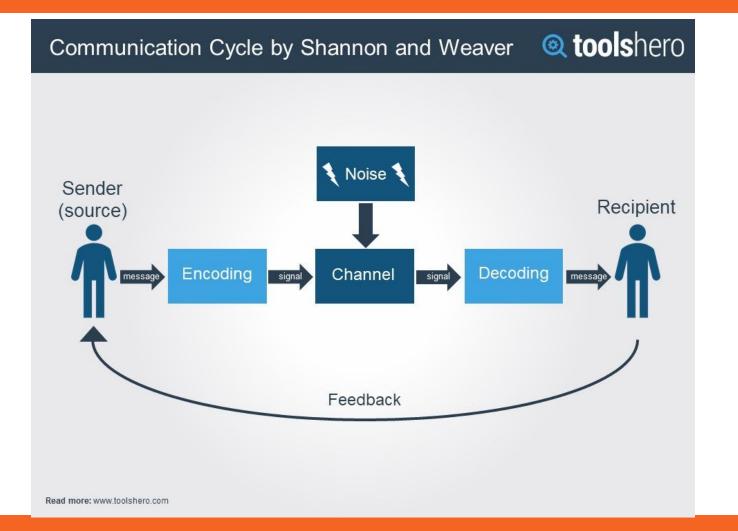
**1.1.2.** Discuss barriers to clear communication, e.g. language, stress, bias, lack of common cultural understanding.

1.1.3 Use and interpret verbal and non-verbal cues to enhance interpersonal communications

1.1.4. Describe and demonstrate active listening skills including paraphrasing, reflecting meaning, an<u>d summarizing understanding to obtain and clarify</u> information.

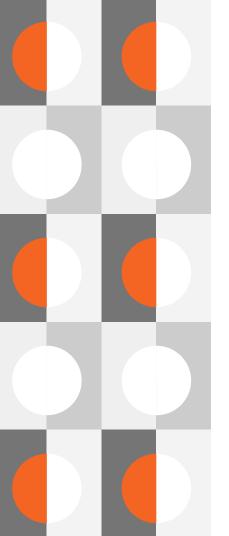


## What is communication?



## Noise

Anything that interrupts the comms cycle!



Bush, M. D., & Dodson, K. D. (2014). Police officers as peace officers: A philosophical and theoretical examination of policing from a peacemaking approach. *Journal Of Theoretical & Philosophical Criminology*, 6(3), 194-204.



- Touching the lives of others
- **F** 
  - Peace making philosophy vs. Policing philosophy



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found them very informative and very useful for

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Narvalli, Constantinut, Nation Construment

University of Barantee, Permytouries

• McDermott, P. J., & Hulse-killacky, D. (2012). Interpersonal skills training in police academy curriculum. *FBI/Law Enforcement Bulletin*, 16-20.

- Two things we do: Talk and Touch
- Missing piece of training
- "Must be Mastered"

LE cannot learn the background and cultural aspects of everyone!



Minnesota is a very diverse population.

- 互 ~5.5 million residents
- 85% Caucasian, 5% Black American, 4% Asian, 2% native, 4% latin
- 2020 data which is now outdated
- Numerous cultures, numerous languages (more than 70)

## I. It is the common denominator that ties ALL cultures together.

All humans communicate, in many ways!



2. It allows for an understanding of tolerance and basic human respect.

## So we must talk about communication.....



…communication skills are the most important and most difficult skills for law enforcement professionals to master.

AND

... the ability to <u>BALANCE</u> the different aspects of the job is critical for everyone in the law enforcement profession.

#### Listening

#### Cultural / Language

Physical

How do we begin to shift thinking around the barriers

Should officers use slag?



Psychological (defensiveness)

# Under stress, what is one of the first things you lose?

Ability to think clearly

- ► Range
- ► Work outs
- Argument with a Spouse

#### Five Truths of the Human Animal

Truth #1

Communication is Constant

Verbal and Non- Verbal



Truth #2

The unconscious is in charge

#### Truth #3

ALL people need to believe that they are viewed by others as having:

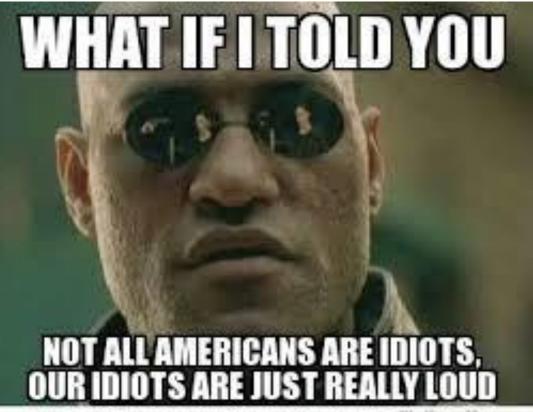


#### We must learn to control the IDIOT!!!

Truth #4

#### ► The goal:

- control,
- redirect, and / or
- influence other people's immediate behavior
- Therefore we must control our own!



#### **The last Truth**

Human motivation is based on 2 things:



The desire to gain pleasure and to avoid pain.



# How we form impressions.....

Is how others do the same!



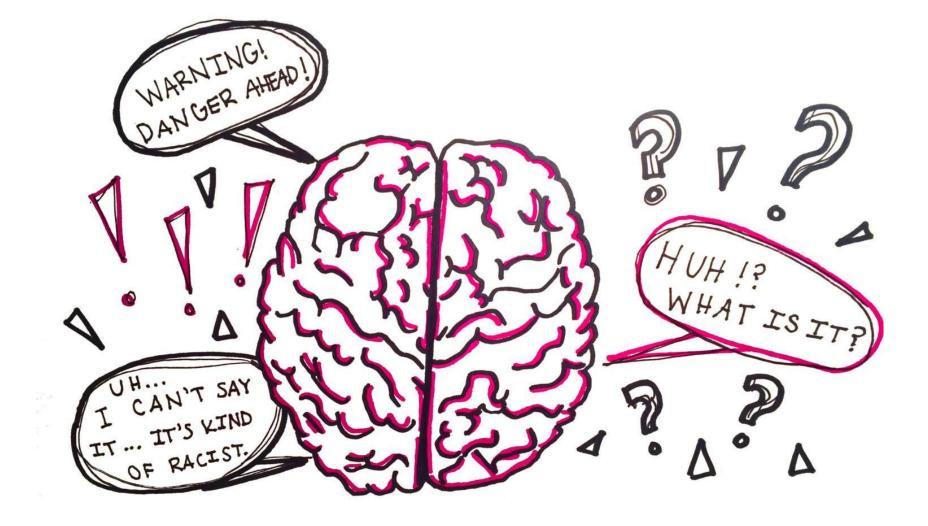
#### Impression Formation Theory.....

 We (society) form general impressions of others based on general physical qualities, behavior, and disclosed information. Communication becomes more difficult the more diverse our society becomes!



#### LE officers are forced to enhance their listening skills

They don't have a choice!!!



# ole colypest rejudice offait Research Behavior Beliefs EIMPLICIT BIASE **ឱDisrespect Unconscious**ភ **Psychologists Reaction Train Corporations Decisions Race** People Social Subconscious Judgement Hidden Ethnicity Cognition Droforonooo Concor



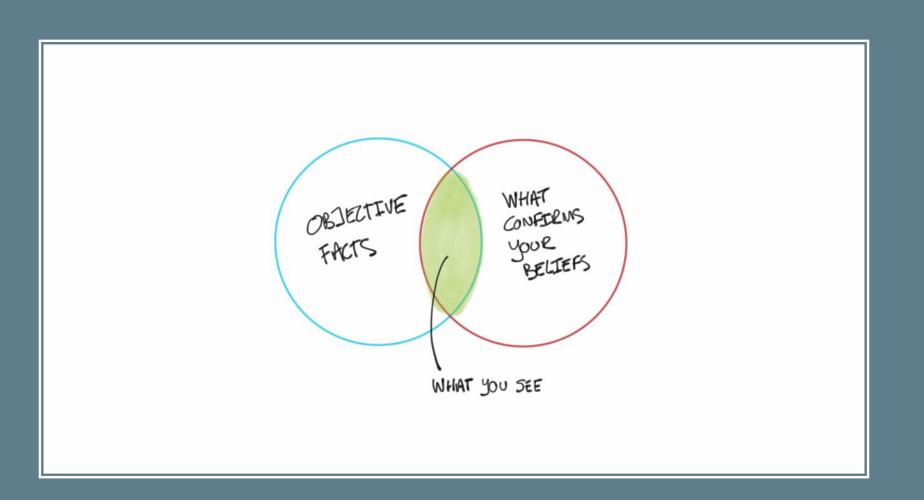
# Why doesn't it work!

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

- Not long enough
- Feels inauthentic
- One and done
- Layered reasons Does not lead to a shift of behavior
  - Starts with "Discomfort"
  - Not consistent

# The questions:

- What does inclusion and diversity look like?
  - Envision Success
- What's holding us back?
- What needs to happen?
- What are the challenges?
- What's one thing you can do to enhance this conversation in the future?





#### 2) KNOWLEDGE

What one knows: information as facts, experience, and insight.

#### 1) DRIVE

The intensity (*will*) and direction (*channeling*) of cognition.

3) STRATEGY

How one understands one's own and other's cognition. How we plan and monitor one's experience of crossing cultures to strengthen awareness.

4) ACTION

How one **appropriately flexes behaviors** when crossing cultures.

Source: **Soon Ang**, Center for Creative Leadership interview excerpts. Ang is co-author, *Cultural Intelligence: Individual Interactions Across Cultures*, and *CQ: Developing Cultural Intelligence at Work*.

3

2

## Strategy -

- The officers plan of action when confronted with diversity.
  - What is your current strategy when confronted with a "Difference?"
- How are you looking to execute!
  - What do I need to be thinking about going forward

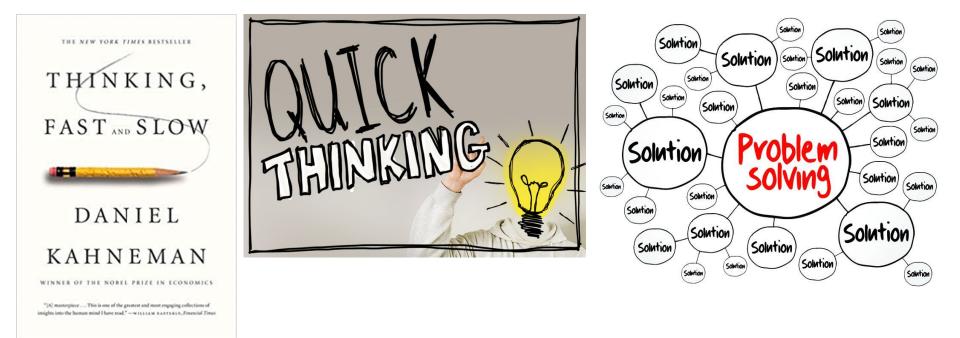
#### Three pieces -

- Planning
  - Steps to success
- Awareness
  - What's going on around you?
- Checking
  - Are my assumptions correct?





### Lets go to the book:



## **Personal Questions:**

- 1. What are you doing to understand you community?
- 2. Is it an organizational wide initiative?
- 3. What are you learning?
- 4. How are you learning it?

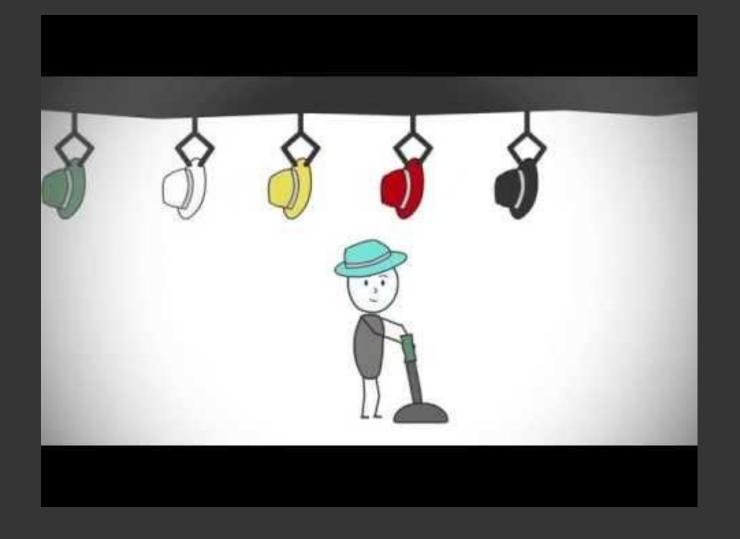
"The county is very diverse"

"We have no diversity in our county"

#### Reflection:

Take some time to think about the different situations in which you use Systems one thinking, and then those in which you use System 2 thinking. How can you consciously remind yourself to switch from system one to system two when necessary?

# TEAM

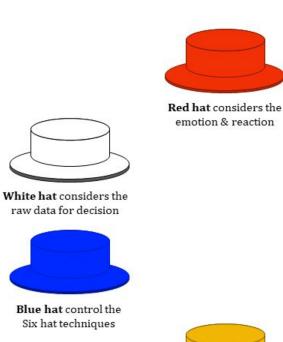




What is the current issue within your department?
What knowledge and actions should you adopt personally and as an organization???

#### De bono six thinking hats

Your text here



Yellow hat considers Positives & benefits



Green hat looks at new Ideas and alternatives



Black hat for negative and Things that can go wrong

## The Steps:

1-Drive

Motivation to move

3 - Strategy

**Create the plan of action** 

2-knowledge

Basic understandings

4-Action

"Let's move!"