## **Northern Superior Uplands**

## **Recommended trees for northeast Minnesota**

As Minnesota's climate changes, forests will face pressures from tree diseases and pests, heavier and more frequent rainfalls, warmer temperatures, and prolonged drought. You can foster a healthy, resilient forest by planting species that are predicted to adapt well to changes in climate.



The following species are most likely to do well in the future climate of the **Northern Superior Uplands** and recommended for woodlands of less than 20 acres.

Common name	Scientific name	Height	Soil preference	Light requirement
Red maple	Acer rubrum	55 ft.	Acidic, evenly-moist	Full to part sun
Sugar maple	Acer saccharum	80 ft.	Evenly-moist, well-drained	Full to part sun
Serviceberry	Amelanchier spp.	30 ft.	Adaptable	Sun to part shade
Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	45 ft.	Deep, well-drained loam	Part to full shade
Sweet birch	Betula lenta	50 ft.	Acidic, evenly-moist	Full sun
Paper birch	Betula papyrifera	60 ft.	Wide range of acidic soils	Sun to part shade
American hornbeam	Carpinus caroliniana	20-35 ft.	Average to moist soil	Part to full shade
Bitternut hickory	Carya cordiformis	75 ft.	Evenly-moist	Full to part sun
Shagbark hickory	Carya ovata	80 ft.	Dry, sandy or rocky	Full to part sun
Hackberry	Celtis occidentalis	75 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Eastern redbud	Cercis canadensis	30 ft.	Evenly-moist, well-drained	Full to part sun
Pagoda dogwood	Cornus alternifolia	18 ft.	Acidic, evenly-moist	Full to part sun
Honeylocust	Gleditsia triacanthos	60 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Black walnut	Juglans nigra	60 ft.	Evenly-moist	Full sun
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	60-100 ft.	Well-drained	Full to part sun
Bigleaf magnolia	Magnolia macrophylla	30-40 ft.	Moist, well-drained loam	Sun to part shade
Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	65 ft.	Well-drained	Part sun
White pine	Pinus strobus	80 ft.	Evenly-moist	Full to part sun

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Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	75–100 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	90 ft.	Adaptable	Full to part sun
Quaking aspen	Populus tremuloides	60 ft.	Dry to moist, sandy	Sun to part shade
Chokecherry	Prunus virginiana	25 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
White oak	Quercus alba	75 ft.	Well-drained	Full sun
Swamp white oak	Quercus bicolor	60 ft.	Evenly-moist	Full to part sun
Bur oak	Quercus macrocarpa	75 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Chinkapin oak	Quercus muehlenbergii	30-60 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Chestnut oak	Quercus prinus	60 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Northern red oak	Quercus rubra	80 ft.	Tolerates dry	Full to part sun
Basswood	Tilia americana	90 ft.	Adaptable	Full sun
Eastern hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	40 ft.	Well-drained	Full sun

## Rewilding your backyard woods

Of the 206,000 family forests in Minnesota, roughly half are less than 10 acres in size. These small woodlots are often referred to as backyard woods. Keeping or reintroducing native understory vegetation to your backyard woodland helps mitigate climate change, combats biodiversity loss, provides habitat and strengthens the health of our forests!

The following species are recommended for woodland understories in the **Northern Superior Uplands.** Each plant on this list is native to Minnesota, well-suited for the area's projected climate and beneficial to local wildlife.

Common name	Scientific name	Height	Soil preference	Light requirement
Bunchberry	Cornus canadensis	12 in.	Acidic, evenly-moist	Part shade
Large-leaved aster	Eurybia macrophylla	60 in.	Adaptable	Part to full shade
Canada mayflower	Maianthemum canadense	6 in.	Acidic, organic-rich	Part to full shade
Mountain rice grass	Oryzopsis asperifolia	10–26 in.	Alkaline, average to dry	Sun to part shade
Large-flowered bellwort	Uvularia grandiflora	1 ft2 ft.	Moist	Part to full shade
Beaked hazelnut	Corylus cornuta	12 ft.	Medium texture, moist	Full sun
Bush honeysuckle	Diervilla lonicera	3 ft.	Adaptable	Full to part sun

Find more information on climate-ready trees and plants for every region of Minnesota:

